## **Participant Filter**

This study included 731 participants. For the analyses presented in this report, 41 participants from the original sample were filtered out because they did not identify with one of the three major political identifiers (i.e., they chose "other," "green party," or "libertarian party").

## **Figure Statistics**

In order to examine differences between self-identified republicans, democrats, and those who reported no political party identification in particular, we ran an ANCOVA for each dimension of critical consciousness. We controlled for educational attainment (dichotomous: at least some college versus no college), age (continuous), and sex (dichotomous: male versus female).

This scale is from: Diemer, M. A., Rapa, L. J., Park, C. J., & Perry, J. C. (2017). Development and validation of the Critical Consciousness Scale. *Youth & Society*, *49*(4), 461-483.

We dropped the reverse-coded item in the egalitarian subscale because: (1) dropping it increased the precision of the factor structure and because (2) the item muddled the theoretical interpretation of the subscale.

# <u>Perceived Inequality</u> Cronbach alpha for subscale = .939

ANCOVA SPSS Output

## **Tests of Between-Subjects Effects**

Dependent Variable:	PerceivedInequality_Avg
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Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.	Partial Eta Squared
Corrected Model	168.226 <sup>a</sup>	5	33.645	21.777	.000	.139
Intercept	725.547	1	725.547	469.621	.000	.410
Age_Numeric	6.979	1	6.979	4.517	.034	.007
Sex	8.189	1	8.189	5.300	.022	.008
Education1	4.921	1	4.921	3.185	.075	.005
Political_Affiliation	129.013	2	64.507	41.753	.000	.110
Error	1045.939	677	1.545			
Total	9892.641	683				
Corrected Total	1214.165	682				

a. R Squared = .139 (Adjusted R Squared = .132)

#### Estimates

#### Dependent Variable: PerceivedInequality\_Avg

Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as identifying with one of the following? - Selected			95% Confidence Interval		
Choice	Mean	Std. Error	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	
Democratic Party	4.099 <sup>a</sup>	.077	3.948	4.250	
Republican Party	3.093 <sup>a</sup>	.083	2.930	3.255	
No Political Party in Particular	3.376 <sup>a</sup>	.094	3.192	3.561	

 Covariates appearing in the model are evaluated at the following values: What

what is your age in years? = 46.76, What is your biological sex? = .51, Dichotormous = .6471.

#### **Pairwise Comparisons**

#### Dependent Variable: PerceivedInequality\_Avg

(I) Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as identifying with one of the following? – Selected Choice	(J) Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as identifying with one of the following? – Selected Choice	Mean Difference (I- J)	Std. Error	Sig. <sup>b</sup>	95% Confiden Differ Lower Bound	
Democratic Party	Republican Party	1.006*	.114	.000	.783	1.230
	No Political Party in Particular	.723*	.122	.000	.482	.963
Republican Party	Democratic Party	-1.006*	.114	.000	-1.230	783
	No Political Party in Particular	284*	.126	.025	532	036
No Political Party in	Democratic Party	723*	.122	.000	963	482
Particular	Republican Party	.284*	.126	.025	.036	.532

Based on estimated marginal means

\*. The mean difference is significant at the .05 level.

b. Adjustment for multiple comparisons: Least Significant Difference (equivalent to no adjustments).

# <u>Egalitarianism</u>

(Cronbach alpha for subscale = .904) ANCOVA SPSS Output

## **Tests of Between-Subjects Effects**

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.	Partial Eta Squared
Corrected Model	84.264 <sup>a</sup>	5	16.853	13.738	.000	.092
Intercept	1569.869	1	1569.869	1279.726	.000	.654
Age_Numeric	1.510	1	1.510	1.231	.268	.002
Sex	21.887	1	21.887	17.842	.000	.026
Education1	.128	1	.128	.104	.747	.000
Political_Affiliation	55.564	2	27.782	22.647	.000	.063
Error	830.491	677	1.227			
Total	17199.125	683				
Corrected Total	914.755	682				

a. R Squared = .092 (Adjusted R Squared = .085)

## Estimates

## Dependent Variable: Egalitarism\_Avg\_Revised

Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as identifying with one of the following? – Selected			95% Confidence Interval		
Choice	Mean	Std. Error	Lower Bound	Upper Bound	
Democratic Party	5.201 <sup>a</sup>	.072	5.060	5.343	
Republican Party	4.520 <sup>a</sup>	.075	4.373	4.667	
No Political Party in Particular	4.843 <sup>a</sup>	.083	4.681	5.006	

a. Covariates appearing in the model are evaluated at the following values: What

is your age in years? = 46.76.

## **Pairwise Comparisons**

#### Dependent Variable: Egalitarism\_Avg\_Revised

(I) Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as identifying with one of the following? – Selected Choice	(J) Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as identifying with one of the following? – Selected Choice	Mean Difference (I– J)	Std. Error	Sig. <sup>b</sup>	95% Confiden Differ Lower Bound	ce Interval for ence <sup>b</sup> Upper Bound
Democratic Party	Republican Party	.681*	.101	.000	.482	.881
	No Political Party in Particular	.358 <sup>*</sup>	.109	.001	.144	.572
Republican Party	Democratic Party	681*	.101	.000	881	482
	No Political Party in Particular	324*	.113	.004	545	103
No Political Party in	Democratic Party	358*	.109	.001	572	144
Particular	Republican Party	.324*	.113	.004	.103	.545

Based on estimated marginal means

\*. The mean difference is significant at the .05 level.

b. Adjustment for multiple comparisons: Least Significant Difference (equivalent to no adjustments).

## Critical Action

# (Cronbach alpha for subscale = .923) ANCOVA SPSS Output

## **Tests of Between-Subjects Effects**

Dependent Variable: CriticalAction_Avg							
Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.	Partial Eta Squared	
Corrected Model	66.257 <sup>a</sup>	5	13.251	23.004	.000	.145	
Intercept	200.724	1	200.724	348.455	.000	.340	
Age_Numeric	21.575	1	21.575	37.454	.000	.052	
Sex	9.010	1	9.010	15.642	.000	.023	
Education1	10.060	1	10.060	17.464	.000	.025	
Political_Affiliation	17.620	2	8.810	15.294	.000	.043	
Error	389.980	677	.576				
Total	2121.049	683					
Corrected Total	456.237	682					
a R Squared =	145 (Adjusted R	Squared =	139)				

a. R Squared = .145 (Adjusted R Squared = .139)

#### Estimates

Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as identifying with one of the following? – Selected			95% Confidence Interval	
Choice	Mean	Std. Error	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Democratic Party	1.725 <sup>a</sup>	.047	1.633	1.817
Republican Party	1.567 <sup>a</sup>	.051	1.468	1.666
No Political Party in Particular	1.312 <sup>a</sup>	.057	1.199	1.424

a. Covariates appearing in the model are evaluated at the following values: What

is your age in years? = 46.76, What is your biological sex? = .51, Dichotomous = .6471.

## Pairwise Comparisons

#### Dependent Variable: CriticalAction\_Avg

(I) Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as identifying with one of the following? – Selected Choice	(J) Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as identifying with one of the following? – Selected Choice	Mean Difference (I- J)	Std. Error	Sig. <sup>b</sup>	95% Confiden Differ Lower Bound	ce Interval for ence <sup>b</sup> Upper Bound
Democratic Party	Republican Party	.158*	.070	.023	.022	.295
	No Political Party in Particular	.413*	.075	.000	.267	.560
Republican Party	Democratic Party	158*	.070	.023	295	022
	No Political Party in Particular	.255 <sup>*</sup>	.077	.001	.104	.407
No Political Party in	Democratic Party	413*	.075	.000	560	267
Particular	Republican Party	255 <sup>*</sup>	.077	.001	407	104

Based on estimated marginal means

\*. The mean difference is significant at the .05 level.

b. Adjustment for multiple comparisons: Least Significant Difference (equivalent to no adjustments).

This ANCOVA failed the Levene's Test (even after transforming the data so that it is normally distributed). However, two further considerations are worth making:

- (1) The Welch's F was significant and the Games-Howell post-hoc tests were significant in a pattern that mirrors the ANCOVA findings above. F(2,455.178) = 27.454, p < .001 (DV: critical action; IV: political affiliation)
- (2) There are relevant theoretical reasons for why the scores in the Democratic Party and Republican Party varied more widely than the scores among "No Political Party in Particular." See forthcoming brief reports on who the political "nones" are for more information.